



Chemical Fact File®

Methylene chloride — NIOSH 1005

The working range of the GC-FID for NIOSH Method 1005 analysis is 0.4 to 749 ppm. An electron capture detector (ECD) is used to obtain lower detection limits. See the method for details. If sampling in an atmosphere with high relative humidity (80% or more), use a tube with a larger charcoal bed. For example, OSHA 59 uses a sorbent tube containing three 350-mg sections of charcoal.

Required Equipment:

1. An **air sampling pump** capable of sampling at the recommended flow rate with the sampling medium in line, such as:
 - SKC **Universal Sampler** with Low Flow Holder Cat. No. 224-26-01 and Protective Cover Cat. No. 224-29C
 - SKC **AirChek® 2000 Sampler** with Constant Pressure Controller Cat. No. 224-26-CPC, Low Flow Holder Cat. No. 224-26-01, and Protective Cover Cat. No. 224-29C
 - SKC **AirChek XR5000 Series Sampler** with Constant Pressure Controller Cat. No. 224-26-CPC, Low Flow Holder Cat. No. 224-26-01, and Protective Cover Cat. No. 224-29C
 - SKC **AirChek 52 Sampler** with Constant Pressure Controller Cat. No. 224-26-CPC, Low Flow Holder Cat. No. 224-26-01, and Protective Cover Cat. No. 224-29C
 - SKC **210 Series Pocket Pump® Sampler** with Tube Holder Cat. No. 222-3XL-1
2. An **air flow calibrator**, such as:
 - Defender Primary Standard Calibrator Cat. No. 717 Series
3. SKC **Sorbent Tube** Cat. No. 226-01 (2)

Optional Equipment:

1. SKC **Tube Breaker** Cat. No. 222-3-50

SKC Application Guides:

1. Sampling Train — Two Tubes in Series, #1171
2. Calibrating a Pump Using an Electronic Calibrator, #1366

	TWA	Ceiling
Flow Rate	20 ml/min	100 ml/min
Sample Time	1.6 hours	15 minutes
Air Volume	2 liters	1.5 liters
NIOSH REL (1992)	Lowest feasible concentration	
<i>(NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods [NMAM], Fourth Edition, 1/15/98)</i>		

Sampling and Analysis:

1. To set up a sorbent tube sampling train, break open both ends of two sorbent tubes using the optional SKC sorbent tube breaker. Connect the two sorbent tubes with a short piece of flexible tubing. Insert the sorbent tube into the rubber sleeve of the adjustable low flow holder or tube holder. The arrow on the sorbent tube indicates air flow and should point toward the tube holder and pump. In the

absence of an arrow, insert the end of the tube with the smallest sorbent section (backup section) into the tube holder. (The front tube serves as the primary collecting layer and the second tube serves as a backup.) Connect the loose end of the flexible tubing to the pump inlet. *Request SKC Application Guide #1171 for more information on preparing sorbent tube sampling trains with two tubes in series.*

2. For calibrating the pump, use the sampling train described above except connect the sorbent tube inlet to the calibrator with a piece of flexible tubing. Calibrate the pump flow rate to the rate specified in the method. When calibration has been completed, remove the sorbent tube, cap it with the end caps provided, and save it for recalibration at the end of sampling. *Request SKC Application Guide #1366 for more information on calibrating a pump.*

3. For sampling, set up a sampling train as above except use new sorbent tubes and do not break off the ends until ready to sample. The larger section of sorbent should be facing away from the pump. Place the protective cover over the sorbent tube. Attach the clip on the protective cover to a worker's clothing near the breathing zone and the pump to the worker's belt. The sorbent tube should remain in a vertical position during sampling. Turn on the pump.

4. Sample at an accurately known flow rate for the recommended period of time.

5. At the end of the sampling period, turn off the pump and note the ending time. Remove the sorbent tubes, separate the front and backup tubes, seal the ends of the tubes with the end caps provided, and record any pertinent sampling information.

6. Calibrate the pump with the representative sampling media in line to verify that the flow has not changed by more than 5%.

7. Submit field blanks from the same lot number as the sample tubes. Field blanks should be subjected to exactly the same handling as the samples (open, seal, and transport) except that no air is drawn through them.

8. Pack sample sorbent tubes, field blanks, and all pertinent information securely for shipment to a laboratory for analysis.

Storage:

Refrigerate samples. Analyze samples within 30 days of collection.

Analyzing Method:

Gas chromatography - flame ionization detector (GC-FID)

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